

# MAP-1

## Manifold Pressure and RPM Indicator

Operating Manual – English 1.04



## Introduction

The MAP-1 is a 2 1/4" instrument which can measure pressures in the range of 0.25 bars (3.6 PSI) to 2.5 bars (36.2 PSI) as well as simultaneously display RPM from a universal RPM input.

Pressure can be displayed in millibar, bar, PSI, kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, inches of Mercury, millimeters of Mercury, kilopascal (KPA) or atmospheres. The pressure display is also available in the form of an analog bar graph with user selectable sensitivity if the RPM input is not needed. The MAP-1 is primarily intended as a manifold pressure gauge, however, due to the universal nature of this accurate instrument it can be used for many other applications as well.

In addition the MAP-1 provides a 24 entry automatic flight log that stores the duration of each of the last 24 flights. It also has a Hobbs meter (can be set to the current engine time) which is password protected, an engine running timer/flight timer and a programmable maintenance timer to schedule routine engine maintenance.

The MAP-1 also features a programmable RPM low/high alarm for pressure as well as for RPM, a handy magneto check function to easily diagnose magneto problems as well as it records the maximum pressure and RPM reached in permanent memory.

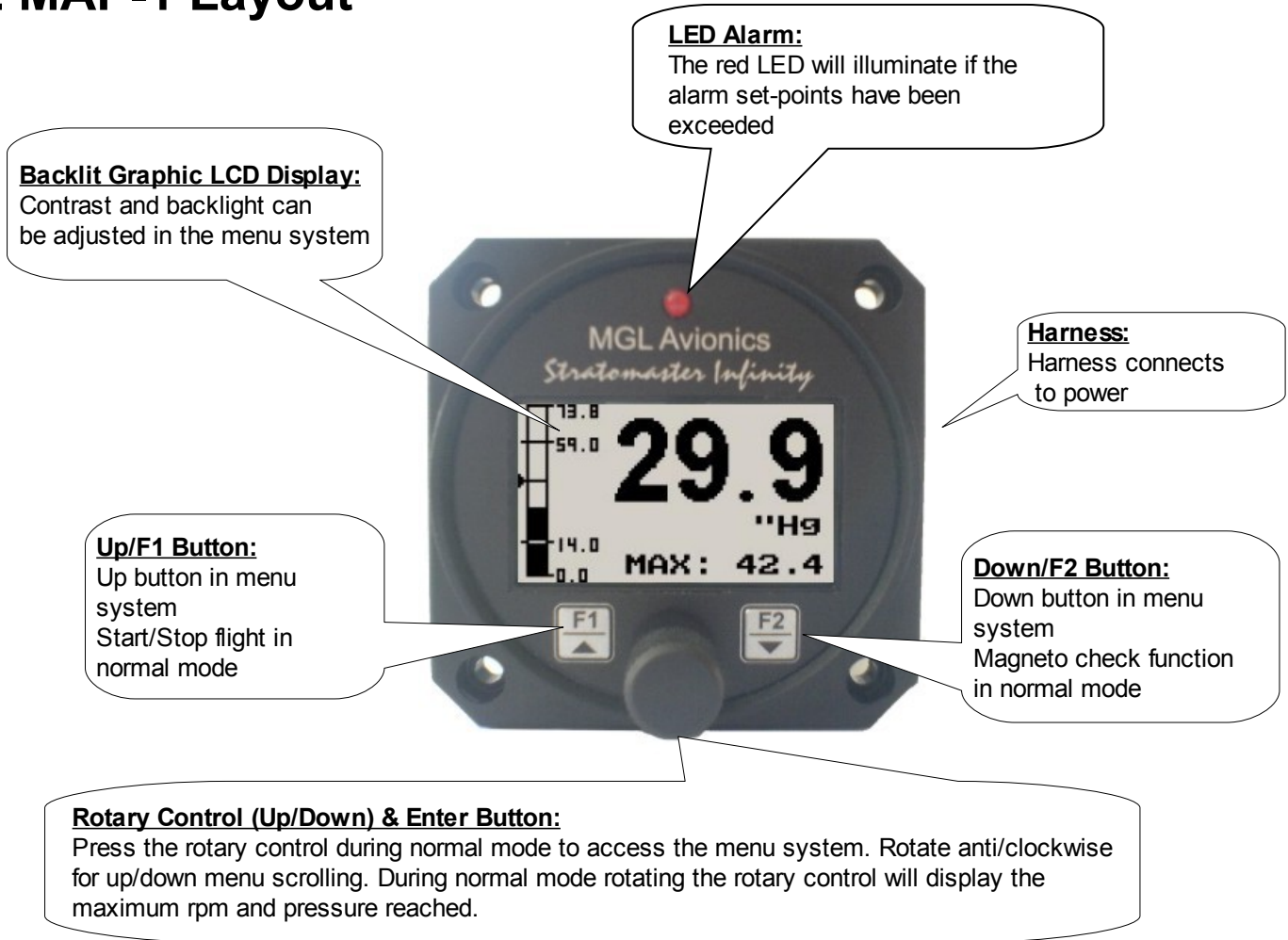
### Typical applications include:

Engine manifold pressure, turbo boost pressure, barometer, fuel or oil pressure gauge (with additional isolation kit), pressure reference or airfoil research and testing

## 1 Features

- Universal pressure and RPM indicator
- Can Measure RPM from 0 to 20000 RPM (0 to 100%)
- Can measure pressures in the range of 0.25 bars (3.6 PSI) to 2.5 bars (36.2 PSI)
- Pressure can be displayed in millibar, bar, PSI, kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, inches of Mercury, millimeters of Mercury, kilopascal (KPA) or atmospheres
- Contains a programmable low/high Pressure and RPM alarm
- Records maximum pressure and RPM reached in permanent memory
- Includes a 24 entry automatic flight log
- Includes a settable Hobbs meter (password protected) and an engine running timer/flight timer
- Contains a programmable maintenance timer for scheduled routine engine maintenance
- Scalable analog pressure bar graph
- Includes a magneto check function
- Standard 2 1/4" aircraft enclosure (can be front or rear mounted)
- Rotary control plus 2 independent buttons for easy menu navigation and user input
- Alarm output as well as a red LED illuminates when the alarm has been activated
- Large backlit graphic LCD with adjustable contrast
- Wide input supply voltage range of 8 to 30V DC with built in voltage reversal and over voltage protection for harsh electrical environments
- Light weight design
- 1 year limited warranty

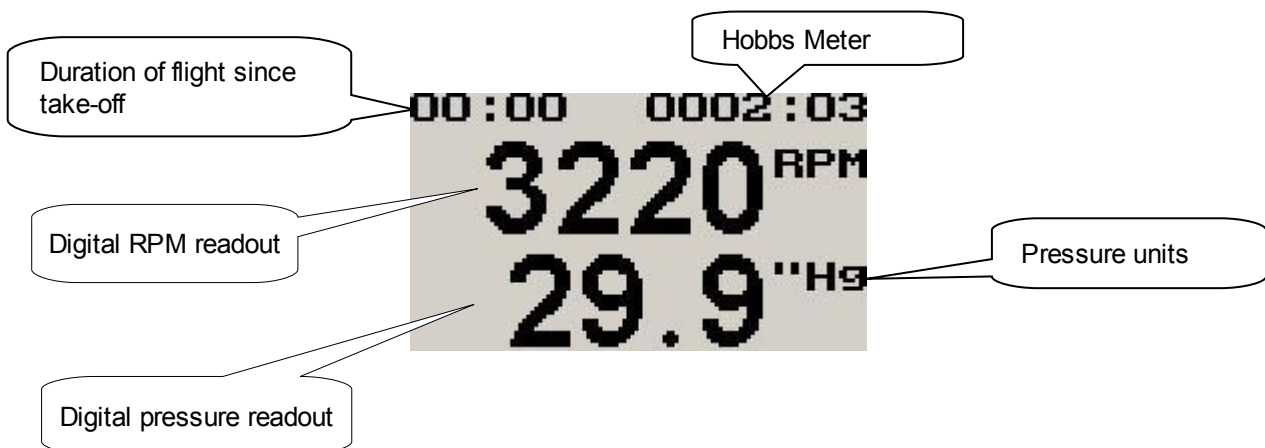
## 2 MAP-1 Layout



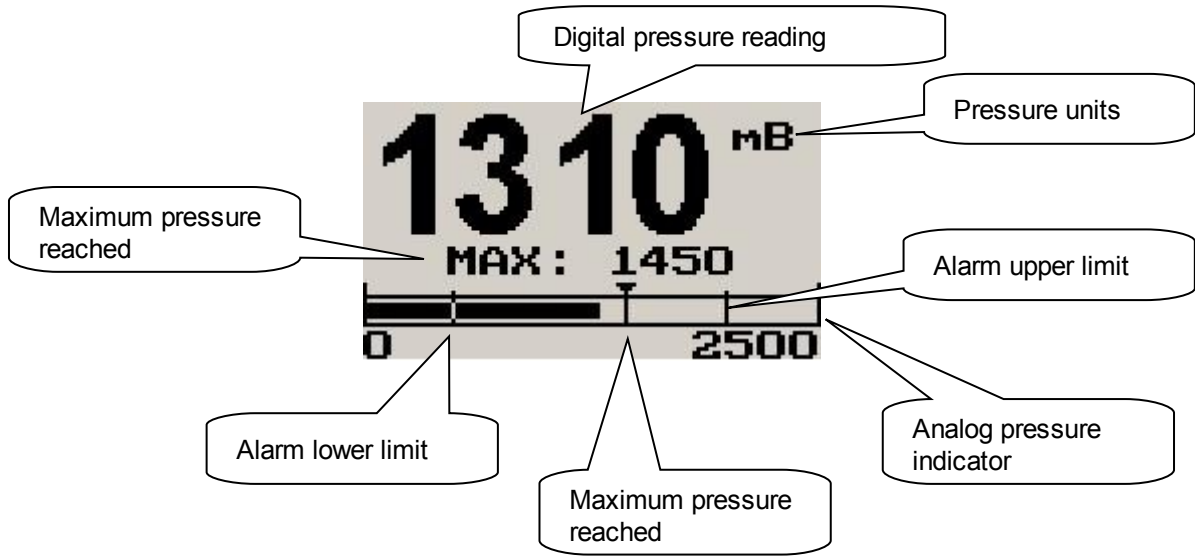
## 3 Main Display

There are 3 main displays that can be setup on the MAP-1. The display can be setup to display both pressure and RPM or the pressure alone with either a horizontal or vertical bar graph.

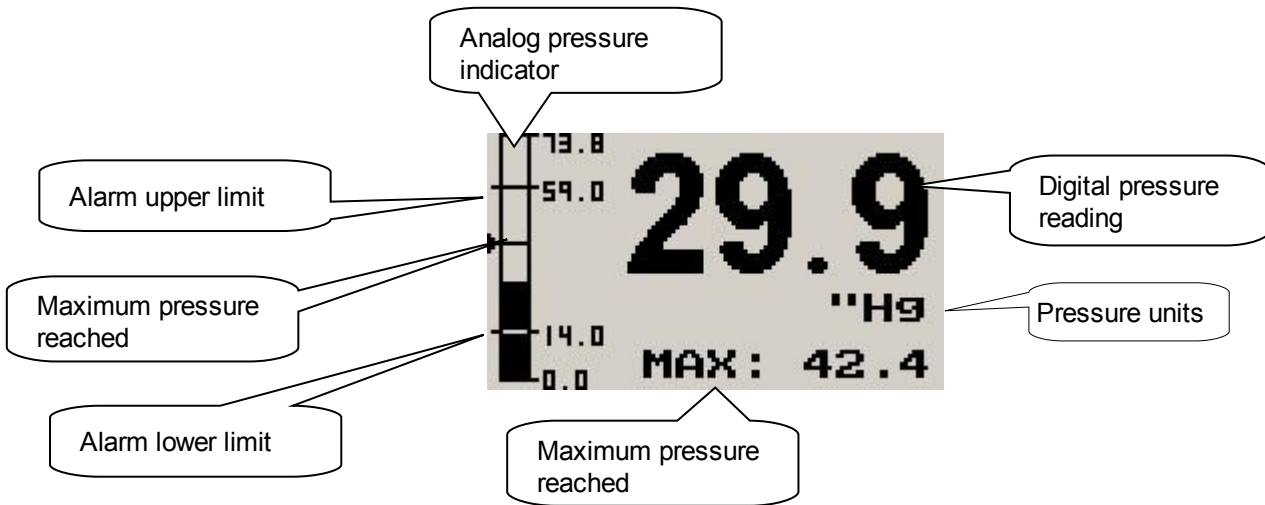
### Dual Pressure and RPM display



### Horizontal Pressure Only Mode



### Vertical Pressure Only Mode



### 3.1 Start/Stop Flight Display



Press the F1 key during the normal display mode to manually start/stop a flight. This key is only active if the MAP-1 is setup to select the manual flight option under the "FLIGHT LOG" setup menu.

### 3.2 Magneto check function



Press the F2 key once you have reached your normal run-up RPM. The display will show the RPM deviation from when the magneto function was activated. Any RPM drops will be displayed as a negative RPM value, a positive reading indicates an increase in RPM.

Switch the mag to left or right. The MAP-1 should display a negative (drop in) RPM. Then switch the mags to "Both". The MAP-1 reading should go back to zero or near zero. A problem should show up as an excessive drop in one mag and the return to zero or close to zero incorrectly.

The MAP-1 will return to the normal display after 60 seconds or if any key is pressed.

### 3.3 Reset Maximum values display

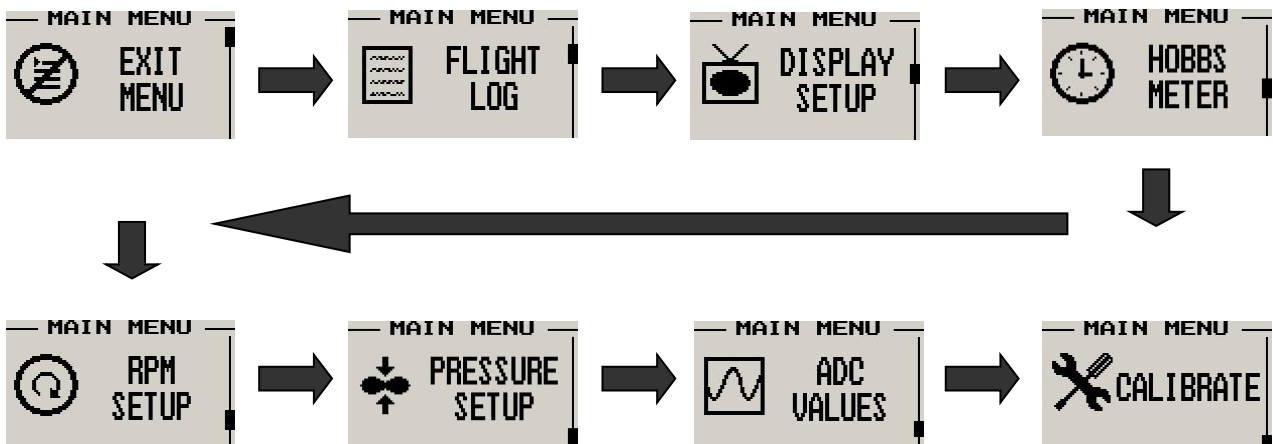
This display can be accessed by rotating the rotary control during normal operation. Pressing the F1 key will reset the maximum values to the current pressure value. Pressing any other key will cause the MAP-1 to return to the normal display mode. To avoid false recordings, the maximum values function is only activated 10 seconds after the instrument has powered up.



Note: The permanent maximum values are stored in non-volatile memory and are recalled on power-up.

## 4 Menu System

Pressing the rotary control button during the normal display mode will cause the MAP-1 to enter the menu system. Use the up/down keys or the rotary control to navigate through the menu system.



**Note:** (ADC Values and Calibrate Menus are only visible when powering up the unit and pressing the Rotary Control). The text “CALIBRATE” will appear on the intro screen when entering this mode.

**Warning:** The Calibrate Menu is for technical personnel only. Changing any values in this menu may cause the instrument to display incorrect information, and may require the instrument to be returned to the factory for recalibration.

### 4.1 Exit Menu



Pressing the rotary control on this menu item will cause the MAP-1 to exit the menu system. All changes made during navigation of the menu system will be saved in non-volatile memory on exiting the menu system. If you remove power before exiting the menu the instrument will not save any changes.

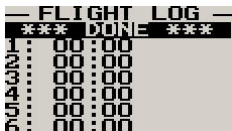
### 4.2 Flight Log



Select whether the instrument should detect the start and end of flights automatically or if you would like to do this manually. We recommend you select automatic flight detect. With automatic flight detection, flights will start logging when the engine RPM is above the take-off limit. A flight is considered ended when the engine RPM is less the RPM take-off limit for more then 30 seconds.



Move the highlight over the “DONE” option and press the rotary button to return to the main menu.



Select this function to view the flight log. The flight log contains the duration of each of the last 24 logged flights. Duration is displayed in hours and minutes. Eight flights are displayed at a time. Use the up/down or the rotary control to navigate through the log. Empty log entries are shown as “----”.

**Note:** You cannot select this function while a flight is in progress.



Pressing the F1 key will erase all the flight log entries.



Select whether you want the MAP-1 to automatically detect a flight or whether the pilot must press the F1 key to start/stop a flight. We recommend you select automatic flight detection.

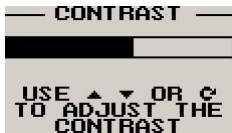


This menu option is only shown if the “detect” flight mode is selected. Enter the engine RPM take-off threshold that you want a flight log entry to start.

### 4.3 Display Setup



Move the highlight over the "DONE" menu item and press the rotary button to return to the main menu



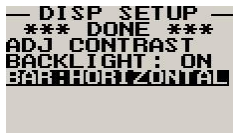
Select this menu option to adjust the display contrast



Select this menu option to turn the backlight on or off



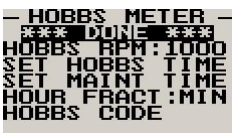
Select the display mode of the main display, the analog bar graph can be either horizontal or vertical. This menu option is only shown if the RPM display is turned off.



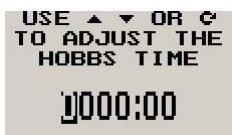
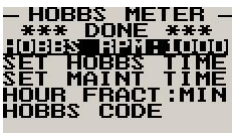
### 4.4 Hobbs Meter



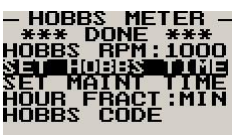
Move the highlight over the "DONE" menu option and press the rotary button to return to the main menu.



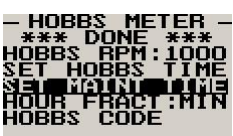
Enter the RPM limit in which the Hobbs meter/Maintenance timer must start counting.



This function allows you to set the engine Hobbs meter to any value. Typically, you would use this function to set the Hobbs meter to the current known engine time. Use the up/down or the rotary control to change the value. Press the rotary control to accept and exit the menu option. If the Hobbs code is set to another value beside zero, then the pilot will be prompted to enter the Hobbs access code before allowing him to change the Hobbs time. This feature is useful for chartered and flying school planes.



This function allows you to set an engine maintenance timer. This timer is set in engine hours and it will count down to zero when the engine RPM is greater than the Hobbs RPM limit. A good use for this function is to set the hours until your next spark plug change or engine inspection. Use the up/down or the rotary control to change the value. Press the rotary control to accept and exit the menu option.



```

- HOBBS METER -
*** DONE ***
HOBBS RPM: 1000
SET HOBBS TIME
SET MAINT TIME
HOUR: 00:00:00
HOBBS CODE
    
```

Select if you would like the hour to be displayed in decimal fractions (0-99) or minutes (0-59). This setting influences the current flight time display and the flight log.

```

- HOBBS METER -
*** DONE ***
HOBBS RPM: 1000
SET HOBBS TIME
SET MAINT TIME
HOUR: 00:00:00
HOBBS CODE
    
```

This menu option allows you to change the Hobbs access code. You will first be prompted to enter the current code followed by entering in a new code followed by re-entering the new code. If the new code and the re-entered code is the same, then the Hobbs access code will be changed. **Default code is 0000.**

```

ENTER CURRENT
CODE
0000
    
```



```

ENTER NEW
CODE
0000
    
```



```

CONFIRM NEW
CODE
0000
    
```



```

MESSAGE
! CODE
CHANGED
    
```

## 4.5 RPM Setup

```

MAIN MENU
RPM
SETUP
    
```

All the RPM related settings can be setup here.

```

- RPM SETUP -
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Move the highlight over the "DONE" menu option and press the rotary button to return to the main menu.

```

- RPM SETUP -
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select whether to use the RPM display or not. If off is selected then only the pressure display will be shown.

```

- RPM SETUP -
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: PERCENT
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select whether you want the MAP-1 to display the actual RPM or to display RPM as a percentage of the 100% RPM value. Use the actual RPM display to initially setup the MAP-1, once you are satisfied that your calibration is correct, then swap over to the factor display.

### Display in Percentage mode

```

- RPM SETUP -
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: PERCENT
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select the RPM that corresponds to a 100% power setting on your turbine. Note: you can adjust this value slightly if you are running out of calibration resolution for the "PULSE/REV" setting and still need to coincide with the 100 percent setting.

### Display in RPM mode

```

- RPM SETUP -
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select the maximum value that you want the RPM analog bar graph display to show. This can give you increased display resolution. This value is used in in the filter calculations. See filter scale below for more information.

## Setups for both modes

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select whether you want the RPM low alarm to be turned on or off.

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Enter the RPM alarm activation threshold. Any RPM value below this value will activate the alarm.

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
    
```

Select whether you want the RPM high alarm to be turned on or off.

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
RPM DISP: ON
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
HIGH ALM: 5000
    
```

Enter the RPM alarm activation threshold. Any RPM value above this value will activate the alarm.

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
DISP: RPM
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
HIGH ALM: 5000
PUL/REV: 6.0
    
```

Enter the number of pulses per RPM. For engines with an uneven number of cylinders like three cylinder four stroke engines you can enter values containing fractions (usually 1.5 in this example). Most four stroke engines would generate one pulse for every two revolutions per cylinder. A four cylinder automotive four stroke engine would thus generate 2 pulses per revolution. A typical Rotax DCDI two stroke engine would generate 6 pulses per revolution. The well known Rotax 912/914 engine generates one pulse per revolution.

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
SPAN: 6000
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
HIGH ALM: 5000
PUL/REV: 6.0
PULSE: PULSE
    
```

PULSE: The MAP-1 counts pulses from the engine for 1/2 second period (fast frequency input).  
 TIME: The MAP-1 uses the time between pulses to calculate revs (slow frequency input).

### Typical setups:

- Rotax 503,582 DCDI – Pulse (Fast frequency) (6 pulses per revolution)
- Rotax 503 single ignition, Rotax 912/914 – Time (Slow frequency) (one pulse per revolution)
- Gyro Rotor RPM with gear tooth sensor - Pulse (Fast frequency) (about 100 pulses per revolution)
- Gyro Rotor RPM with single hall-effect sensor – Time (Slow frequency) (one pulse per revolution)
- Helicopter Rotor RPM with single hall-effect sensor – Time (Slow frequency) (one pulse per revolution)

```

RPM SETUP
*** DONE ***
LOW ALARM: OFF
LOW ALM: 600
HIGH ALARM: ON
HIGH ALM: 5000
PUL/REV: 6.0
PULSE: PULSE
FILTER: SPAN
    
```

The MAP-1 unit contains a digital filter. This filter is used to achieve a higher resolution of the digital rev counter than is available in ordinary operation. In digital rev counters, resolution is largely dependant on the amount of time given to measure RPM. The more time that is available, the higher the resolution will be. However, on the downside of this, the more sluggish the display will react to changes in engine settings. Resolution with the MAP-1 is dependent on the number of pulses per rev and the type of measurement method you have selected (Pulse Fast/Slow). The update rate for the measurement is a fixed, fast 0.5 seconds. The digital filter is activated whenever input revs are fairly constant and this results in a very high resolution of the digital RPM display in a short time span. The filter needs to be setup for the expected base resolution. This can be between 10 and 30 RPM for most setups. The filter has the following settings:

**SPAN** -The setting is made dependent on your "SPAN" selection from 500 to 20000 RPM. The filter factor is fixed as follows:

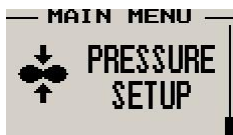
Span 500 – 10 RPM	Span 10000 – 200 RPM
Span 1000 – 20 RPM	Span 10500 – 210 RPM
Span 1500 – 30 RPM	Span 11000 – 220 RPM
Span 2000 – 40 RPM	Span 11500 – 230 RPM
Span 2500 – 50 RPM	Span 12000 – 240 RPM



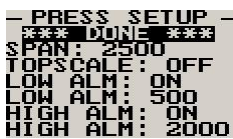
Span 3000 – 60 RPM	Span 12500 – 250 RPM
Span 3500 – 70 RPM	Span 13000 – 260 RPM
Span 4000 – 80 RPM	Span 13500 – 270 RPM
Span 4500 – 90 RPM	Span 14000 – 280 RPM
Span 5000 – 100 RPM	Span 14500 – 290 RPM
Span 5500 – 110 RPM	Span 15000 – 300 RPM
Span 6000 – 120 RPM	Span 15500 – 310 RPM
Span 6500 – 130 RPM	Span 16000 – 320 RPM
Span 7000 – 140 RPM	Span 16500 – 330 RPM
Span 7500 – 150 RPM	Span 17000 – 340 RPM
Span 8000 – 160 RPM	Span 17500 – 350 RPM
Span 8500 – 170 RPM	Span 18000 – 360 RPM
Span 9000 – 180 RPM	Span 18500 – 370 RPM
Span 9500 – 190 RPM	Span 19000 – 380 RPM

**10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100** – The filter factor can be set to any of these values independent of your “SPAN” selection. Choose a filter setting that results in a smooth, high resolution RPM display. A filter setting too low for your setup will result in a “jumpy” display. RPM display will change at your base resolution and no smoothing will happen. Choose the lowest setting that will result in a smooth display for greatest sensitivity of the reading.

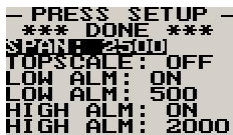
### 4.6 Pressure Setup



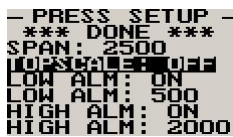
All the pressure related settings can be setup here.



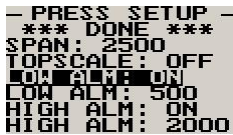
Move the highlight over this menu item and press the rotary button to return to the main menu.



Select the maximum value that you want the analog bar graph to display.



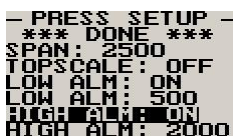
Select this function to “ON” if you want the bar graph display to show the upper half of the pressure range only.



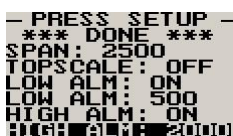
Select whether you want the low pressure alarm to be turned on or off.



Enter the low pressure alarm activation set-point. Any pressure below this value will activate the alarm.



Select whether you want the high pressure alarm to be turned on or off.



Enter the high pressure alarm activation set-point. Any pressure above this value will activate the alarm

```

- PRESS SETUP -
SPAN: 2500
TOPSCALE: OFF
LOW ALM: ON
LOW ALM: 500
HIGH ALM: ON
HIGH ALM: 2000
FILTER: FAST
    
```

Select if your want to apply a digital filter to the signal received from the pressure sensor

**Off:** The value shown is the mean pressure calculated from a total of 2000 samples taken in the last 0.5 seconds

**Fast:** The value shown is filtered using a digital filter with a fast time constant. The filter is weighted such that new readings have a greater weighting than historical values. Time constant for this filter is approximately 2 seconds

**Slow:** Similar to the fast filter, this option chooses a slower filter response with a time constant of approximately 4 seconds

```

- PRESS SETUP -
TOPSCALE: OFF
LOW ALM: ON
LOW ALM: 500
HIGH ALM: ON
HIGH ALM: 2000
FILTER: FAST
UNIT: MB
    
```

Select the pressure display units. The MAP-1 can display pressure in millibar, bar, PSI, kg/cm2, inches of Mercury, millimeters of Mercury, kilopascal (KPA) or atmospheres. The highest resolution can be obtained by setting the unit to millibars.

## 4.7 ADC Values

```

- MAIN MENU -
[Waveform Icon] ADC
VALUES
    
```

**Note:** This menu item is for technical personnel only, and is not displayed during the normal operation of the instrument. Please see section 4 above on how to access this menu item.

```

- ADC VALUES -
*** DONE ***
PRESSURE: 0
    
```

This menu displays the ADC values that have been read from the pressure sensor

## 4.8 Calibrate

```

- MAIN MENU -
[Wrench Icon] CALIBRATE
    
```

**Note:** This menu item is for technical personnel only, and is not displayed during the normal operation of the instrument. Please see section 4 above on how to access this menu item. Consult your local dealer or factory before entering this menu.

```

- CALIBRATE -
*** DONE ***
CAL: +0 999mb
    
```

Move the highlight over this menu item and press the rotary button to return to the main menu

```

- CALIBRATE -
*** DONE ***
CAL: +0 999mb
    
```

Adjust the value until the MAP-1 pressure matches the atmospheric pressure of a calibrated barometric reference. Note that the pressure port of the MAP-1 must be exposed to the same atmospheric pressure as the calibrated barometer when calibrating the MAP-1.

# 5 Loading Factory default settings

Pressing and holding the F1 and F2 keys simultaneously on power up will cause the MAP-1 to load preprogrammed factory default settings. The following screen will be displayed:

```

LOADING
DEFAULT
SETTINGS
    
```

## 6 Operating the alarms

If the alarm is activated, the corresponding item on the display will flash. At the same time the externally available alarm switch will close. The switch will remain closed until any button is pressed to acknowledge the alarm or until the condition(s) that activated the alarm no longer exist. The alarm output can be used to switch an external alarm indicator. The external alarm switch is an open collector transistor switch to ground with a maximum rating of 0.5A DC. It is possible to wire the alarm contacts of several Stratomaster instruments in parallel should this be desired. To avoid false activation of the alarms, the alarm function is only active 10 seconds after the instrument has powered up.

## 7 Cleaning

The unit should not be cleaned with any abrasive substances. The screen is very sensitive to certain cleaning materials and should only be cleaned using a clean, damp cloth.

**Warning:** The MAP-1 is not waterproof. Serious damage could occur if the unit is exposed to water and/or spray jets.

## 8 MAP-1 Specifications

<b>Operating Temperature Range</b>	-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F)
<b>Storage Temperature Range</b>	-20°C to 80°C (-4°F to 176°F)
<b>Humidity</b>	<85% non-condensing
<b>Power Supply</b>	8 to 30Vdc SMPS (switch mode power supply) with built in 33V over voltage and reverse voltage protection
<b>Current Consumption</b>	Approx. 43mA @ 13.8V (backlight on) 13mA @13.8V (backlight off)
<b>Display</b>	114x64 graphics LCD display. Contrast and backlight is user configurable, green/yellow backlight
<b>ADC</b>	12bit over sampled successive approximation
<b>Dimensions</b>	see Infinity series dimensional drawing
<b>Enclosure</b>	2 1/4" ABS, black in color, front or rear mounting
<b>Weight</b>	Approx. 120 grams
<b>Alarm contact current rating</b>	Open collector transistor switch to ground. Maximum rating 0.5A DC
<b>Non-volatile memory storage</b>	100000 write cycles
<b>Pressure range</b>	Absolute, 0.25 bars to 2.5 bars
<b>Maximum error over full range</b>	Less than 1% of full scale when operated at calibration temperature
<b>Never exceed pressure</b>	5 bars
<b>Rev counter input</b>	Range: 0-20000 RPM. Minimum signal for stable display: 5Vpp. Fully A/C coupled, maximum voltage +/- 40V. RF noise filter plus Schmitt-trigger based input

# 9 Installation

## Pressure Installation

Standard polyester or silicon hosing with an inside diameter of 3-4mm is suitable as pressure hosing. For high pressure applications the hose should be clamped onto the connector to avoid it slipping off due to expansion of the hose. For applications where a pressure leak may prove troublesome, such as a typical engine manifold application, a restrictor valve should be inserted into the hose so that only very little gas leakage will be present in a case of failure or if the instrument is removed with the engine running. For applications where liquid pressure is to be measured, it must be ensured that the liquid is compatible with fluoro silicon. Fuel is **NOT** compatible. If in doubt, install an isolation kit. A suitable liquid that can be used to transfer the pressure is ordinary anti-freeze as used in cars.

## RPM Setup

After you have connected the rev counter terminal to the signal source you need to set the number of pulses per revolution under the "RPM SETUP" menu. The calibration itself depends on your engine type and what kind of signal you are using. Typical sources are:

- Magneto coils (suitable signal at the kill switch)
- Primary (low voltage) side of ignition coil, at contact breaker or electronic ignition module
- RPM counter output of electronic ignition systems (for example Bosch Motronic)
- RPM pickup devices such as hall-effect sensors on flywheels etc.

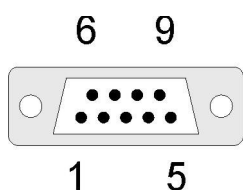
Installation of the MAP-1 is quite straight forward in most cases. The drawing in section 11.2 shows a typical MAP-1 installation. Please see the engine connection diagrams for the RPM connection to the MAP-1. The MAP-1 input is quite universally usable. The rev counter input on the MAP-1 can be used with signals from about 5Vpp to as much as 100Vpp and the input is AC coupled for easy installation. A noise filter is included that results in the input ignoring any noise signals as long as this is below the detection threshold of about 2.5Vpp. The input impedance of the rev counter input is approximately 10Kohm. You can use series resistors as well as load resistors for applications that have unusual signals.

For installations such as with the Rotax DCDI two-stroke engines, the rev counter input is simply connected to the grey rev counter wire from the engine. These engines produce six pulses per rev (set this up in the relevant menu item). Most engines produce 0.5, 1 or 2 pulses per revolution. This needs to be setup in the "RPM SETUP" menu item.

**Please note: The +5V supply line is unprotected and intended only for the supply of a hall-effect , optical or gear tooth sensors. Connecting any voltages (such as the 12V supply) to this line could destroy the instrument. The +5V line may supply currents of up to 30mA. Should your sensor require greater currents you must supply it from another source.**

**Please note: It is essential that a single wire be connected from the minus terminal of the instrument to the engine block. This wire must not be used to share currents with other electrical users as this can affect accuracy of readings.**

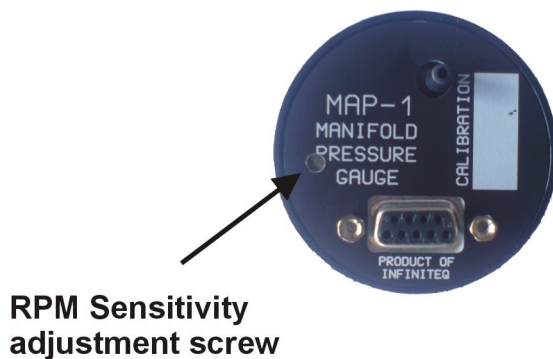
### 9.1 MAP-1 DB9 Cable connections



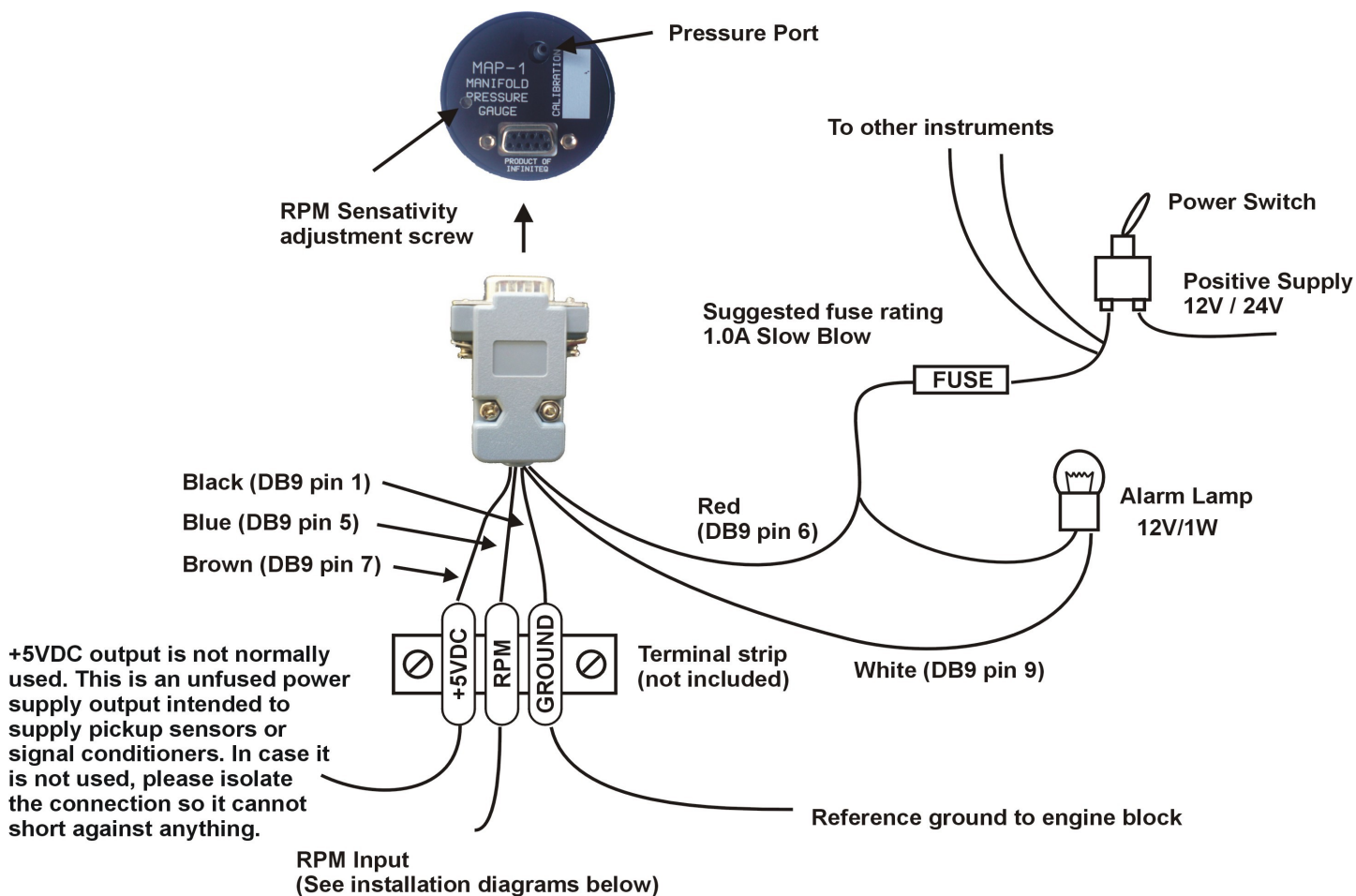
DB 9 Pin	Color	Function
1	Black	Ground
4	NC	Airtalk communication (Not connected) Used for firmware upgrading
5	Blue	RPM input
6	Red	8-30Vdc power
7	Brown	+5VDC Power Out
9	White	Alarm Output

## 9.2 Adjusting RPM sensitivity

The MAP-1 has a sensitivity adjustment trimmer as shown in the picture below. Adjust this trimmer using a small screwdriver such that you get stable RPM readings over the entire rev band of your engine. If your sensitivity is too high, you may get unstable RPM readings (usually at higher RPM as electrical noise in the ignition system increases). If the sensitivity is too low the RPM reading may remain at zero.



## 9.3 MAP-1 General Connection Diagram

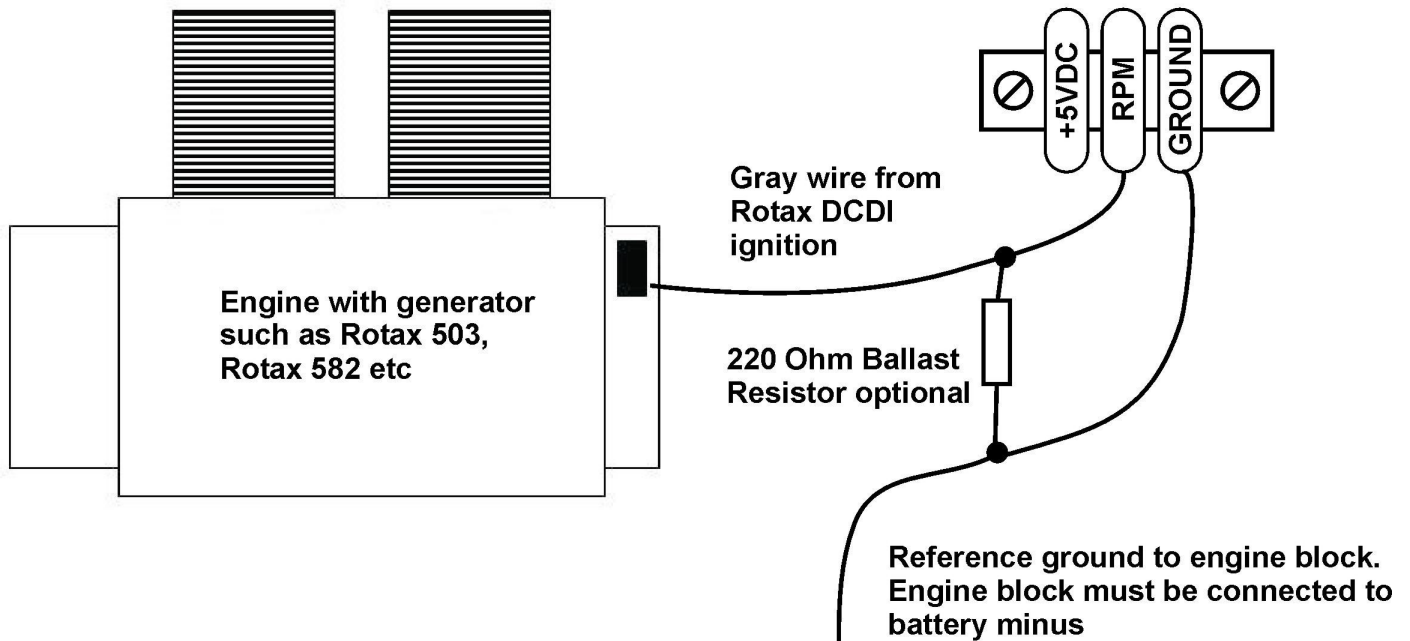


The use of an external 1A fuse is recommended. Connect the supply terminals to your aircraft's power supply. The MAP-1 can be used on both 12V and 24V without the use of any pre-regulators. Ensure that the supply voltage will not drop below 8V during operation as this may result in incorrect readings.



## 9.5 Connecting the MAP-1 to a 2 stroke Rotax engine

Typical connection in case of a Rotax two stroke engine with Ducati dual ignition:



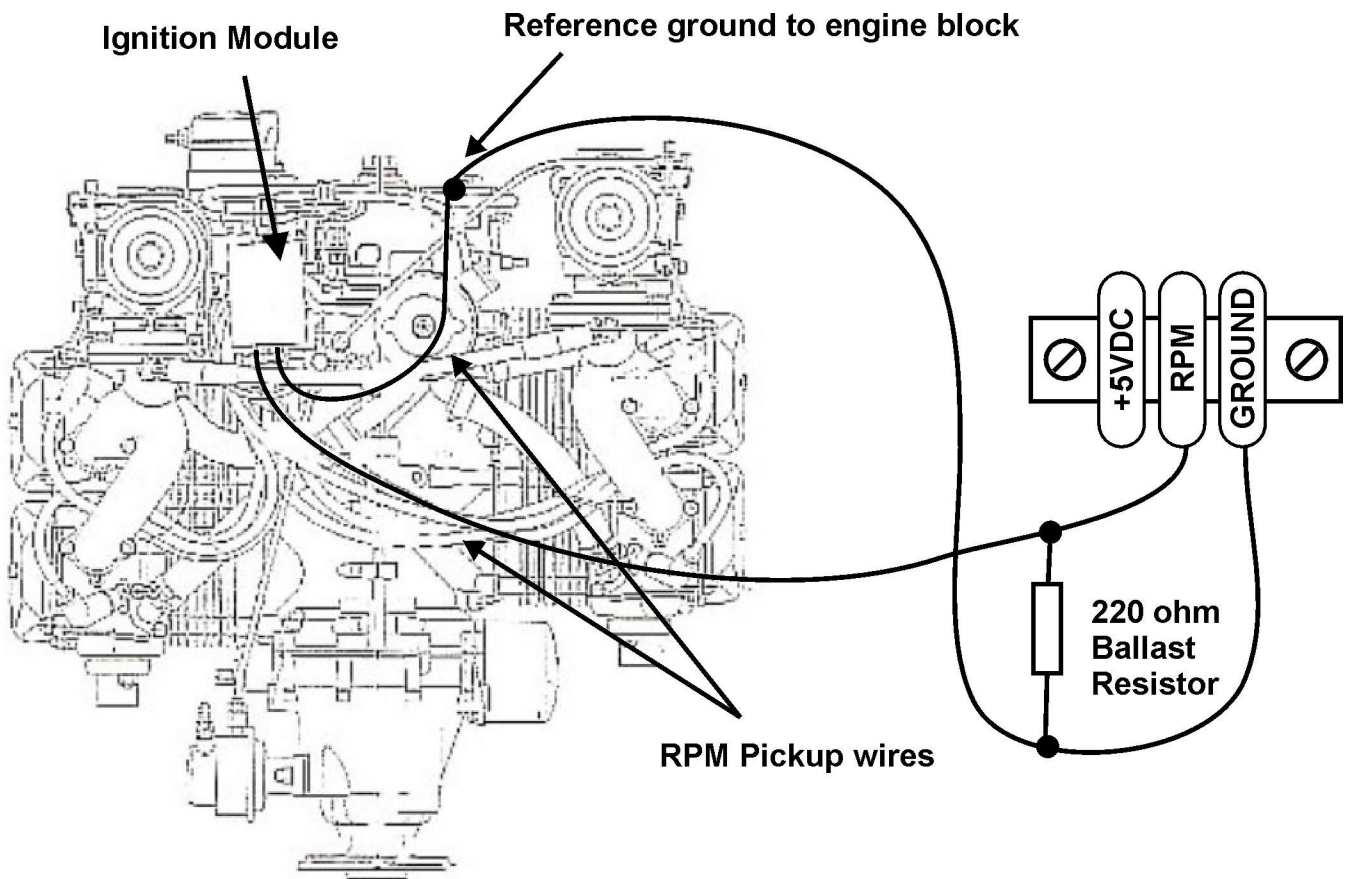
The follow values must be used for the pulses per revolution under the "RPM SETUP" menu.

**Rotax 503,582,618 DCDI** - value 6.0

**Rotax 912,914** - value 1.0

**Note:** Some Rotax engines may require that a 220 ohm ballast resistor is fitted between the rev counter input and the ground terminal. This resistor should be fitted if you cannot obtain stable RPM throughout the range regardless of any setting of the rev counter sensitivity adjustment.

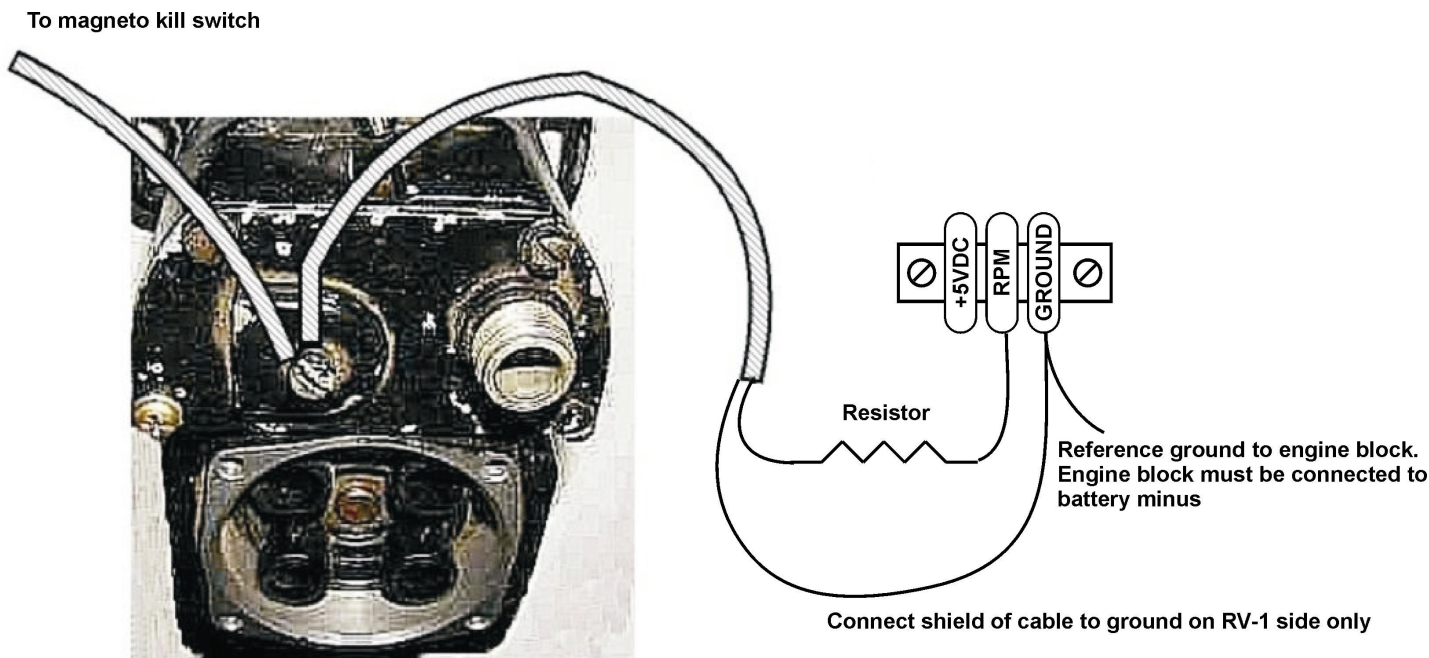
### 9.6 Connecting the MAP-1 to a Rotax 912/914



Connect the rev counter wires (blue/yellow and white/yellow) as follows: One of the two wires needs to be connected to ground (engine block), the other to the RPM counter input. For this engine we recommend that you use the supplied 220 ohm ballast resistor. Select a value of 1.0 for pulses per revolution under the "RPM SETUP" menu.



## 9.7 Connecting a Bendix magneto as a RPM source

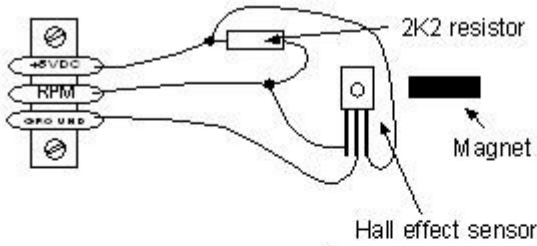


Typical connection to a Bendix P-Terminal. This terminal will have a wire going to your magneto kill switch or starter switch. Please note that various kinds of terminals are used on the many different types of Bendix magnetos

The above drawing shows the connection required if you would like to connect a magneto as RPM source. Shown is a typical Bendix magneto as used on Lycoming and other aircraft engines. You should find a wire connected to a terminal on the magneto that originates from your magneto kill switch (or starter switch). The terminal is often referred to as a "P-terminal". Connect a wire as shown and connect this to the RPM input of the MAP-1. We strongly recommend that a resistor is inserted into your wire as shown. A good value would be 10.000 ohms (10K). A normal 1/4 W resistor is just fine. The above circuit can also be used on other magneto systems such as found on Jabiru and similar engines.

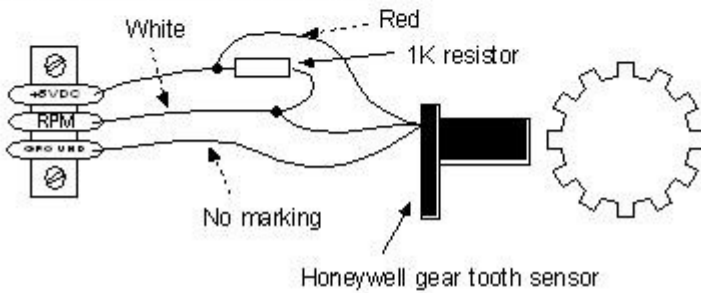
The supplied 220 Ohm ballast resistor should not be used on the above installation.

### 9.8 Various other pickup/sensor installation possibilities



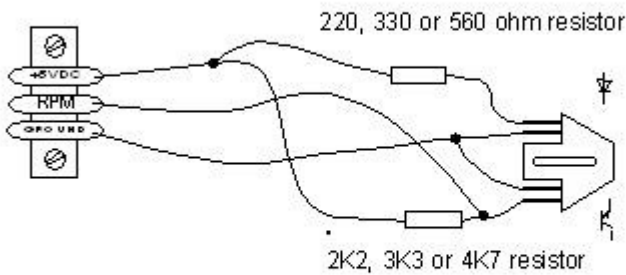
Typical hall effect sensor installation detects the passing of a magnet suitably fixed to prop flanges or shafts.

Magnetic pickup with Hall effect sensor



The gear tooth sensor is a popular pickup used on the pre-rotation gear of a gyro plane (rotor speed indication).

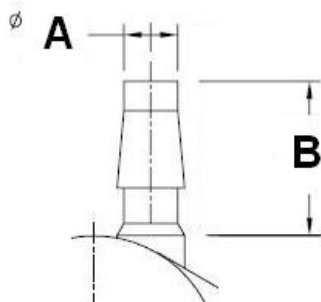
Magnetic pickup with active gear tooth sensor



The optical reflective pickup can provide a simple means of contactless RPM sensing in difficult installations.

Optical, reflective sensor

### 9.9 Pressure Port Dimensions



	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
<b>A</b>	0.182	0.194	4.62	4.93
<b>B</b>	0.420	0.440	10.67	11.18

## 10 Warranty

This product carries a warranty for a period of one year from date of purchase against faulty workmanship or defective materials, provided there is no evidence that the unit has been mishandled or misused. Warranty is limited to the replacement of faulty components and includes the cost of labour. Shipping costs are for the account of the purchaser.

**Pressure sensor damage as a result of applying aggressive or otherwise incompatible gas or liquid to the internals of the pressure sensor is excluded from warranty.**

**Note:** Product warranty excludes damages caused by unprotected, unsuitable or incorrectly wired electrical supplies and/or sensors, and damage caused by inductive loads.

## 11 Disclaimer

Operation of this instrument is the sole responsibility of the purchaser of the unit. The user must make themselves familiar with the operation of this instrument and the effect of any possible failure or malfunction.

This instrument is not certified by the FAA. Fitting of this instrument to certified aircraft is subject to the rules and conditions pertaining to such in your country. Please check with your local aviation authorities if in doubt. This instrument is intended for ultralight, microlight, homebuilt and experimental aircraft. Operation of this instrument is the sole responsibility of the pilot in command (PIC) of the aircraft. This person must be proficient and carry a valid and relevant pilot's license. This person has to make themselves familiar with the operation of this instrument and the effect of any possible failure or malfunction. Under no circumstances does the manufacturer condone usage of this instrument for IFR flights.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter any specification without prior notice.

## Other instruments in the *Stratomaster Infinity* series

<b>ALT-1</b>	Precision encoding altimeter and vertical speed indicator
<b>ALT-2</b>	Precision encoding altimeter and vertical speed indicator with a serial RS232 transponder output
<b>ASI-1</b>	Airspeed indicator (ASI) with automatic flight log
<b>ASX-1</b>	Encoding aviation altimeter with serial output and airspeed indicator (ASI)
<b>AV-1</b>	Artificial horizon and magnetic compass indicator
<b>BAT-1</b>	Battery voltage and current monitor
<b>E-3</b>	Universal engine monitor
<b>FF-1</b>	Fuel Computer (single or dual fuel tanks)
<b>GF-1</b>	+/-10G tilt compensated dual range G-force meter
<b>MAP-1</b>	Manifold pressure and RPM Indicator
<b>RV-1</b>	Universal engine RPM and rotor RPM Indicator
<b>RV-2</b>	Universal turbine RPM / RPM factor display
<b>RTC-2</b>	Aviation real time clock (RTC) and outside air temperature (OAT) display
<b>TC-1</b>	4-Channel thermocouple indicator
<b>TP-1</b>	Universal temperature and pressure gauge